## **Required Elements of a Hazardous Waste Label**

	Keep waste containers closed except when adding waste  Building OAK CK Room 139 Contact to Smith  List all chemicals and concentration or % - no abbreviations or structures	
	Constituent  Ethanol	Concentration or %
	Water	90%
_	Check all that apply: Listed was	ste: (X)D_ ( )E_ ( )P_ ( )U_ ( ) K
	• • •	eactive (X)Flammable

- **1 Contact information.** Fill in the building and room number and PI name.
- **2 Constituents of waste.** List all chemicals or compositions of waste including non-hazardous ingredients like water as well. No abbreviations. List percentage for each constituent by volume, the total percentage MUST equal 100%.
- **3 Listed waste**. Check all that apply. This information is found in the <u>OSU Chemical waste labeling and Determination database</u> the hazardous waste determination listing of over 7,000 waste streams.
- **4 Waste Hazard**. Check all that apply. This information is also found in the online hazardous waste determination listing or Safety data sheets for each constituent.

## **Helpful tips**

- Attach a COMPLETED hazardous waste label to the container BEFORE you begin using the container to accumulate and store waste.
- Do not store or transport in lightweight polyethylene containers such as milk jugs.
- The waste accumulation containers themselves must be kept in a labeled secondary containment bin.
- Containers holding hazardous waste must always be kept closed, except when adding or removing waste. Remove the funnel from the container and cap the bottle after pouring waste into it.
- It is acceptable to reuse empty bottles to accumulate hazardous waste. However, it is ESSENTIAL that the bottle is *completely empty and the old label removed or defaced* before the waste is added.
- **Do not overfill** waste containers. Leave a sizable amount of headspace in the container to allow for expansion and safe transportation 10% headspace is a good rule of thumb.
- Do not mix solids with liquid waste.
- Liquid-filled small containers such as vials and Eppendorf tubes:
  - Double-bag containers in clear plastic bags to allow visual inspection by EH&S waste technicians.
  - Containers bagged together must contain liquids or liquid mixtures with the same chemical constituents.
  - Seal each bag individually.
  - Accurately list the bag's contents and chemical constituents on the hazardous waste label.

Please contact us if you have a question or need supplies at hazardouswaste@oregonstate.edu